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## **EPA Takes Next Step in Review Process for Herbicide Glyphosate, Reaffirms No Risk to Public Health**

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Today, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is taking an important step in the agency's review of glyphosate. As part of this action, EPA continues to find that there are no risks to public health when glyphosate is used in accordance with its current label and that glyphosate is not a carcinogen. The agency's scientific findings on human health risk are consistent with the conclusions of science reviews by many other countries and other federal agencies. While the agency did not identify public health risks in the 2017 human health risk assessment, the 2017 ecological assessment did identify ecological risks. To address these risks, EPA is proposing management measures to help farmers target pesticide sprays on the intended pest, protect pollinators, and reduce the problem of weeds becoming resistant to glyphosate.

"EPA has found no risks to public health from the current registered uses of glyphosate," said **EPA Administrator Andrew Wheeler**. "Today's proposed action includes new management measures that will help farmers use glyphosate in the most effective and efficient way possible, including pollinator protections. We look forward to input from farmers and other stakeholders to ensure that the draft management measures are workable, realistic, and effective."

"If we are going to feed 10 billion people by 2050, we are going to need all the tools at our disposal, which includes the use the glyphosate," **U.S. Secretary of Agriculture Sonny Perdue** said. "USDA applauds EPA's proposed registration decision as it is science-based and consistent with the findings of other regulatory authorities that glyphosate does not pose a carcinogenic hazard to humans."

Glyphosate is the most widely used herbicide in U.S. agriculture and has been studied for decades. Glyphosate is used on more than 100 food crops, including glyphosate-resistant corn, soybean, cotton, canola and sugar beet. Non-agricultural uses include residential areas, aquatic areas, forests, rights of way, ornamentals and turf.

Once the Federal Register notice publishes, the public will be able to submit comments on EPA's proposed decision at [www.regulations.gov](http://www.regulations.gov) in docket # [EPA-HQ-OPP-2009-0361](#). Public comments will be due on or before Sept. 3, 2019. EPA's responses to the comments received on the draft ecological and human health risk assessments and the benefits assessment will be in the docket.

[Find more information about glyphosate, including today's proposed interim decision and supporting documents.](#)

[See the glyphosate draft risk assessments and supporting documents.](#)

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